If you are reading this electronically, the Council has saved £xx.xx on printing. For more information on the Modern.gov paperless app, contact Democratic Services



Merton Council Pensions Committee Agenda

Cllr Laxmi Attawar (Chair)
John Braithwaite (Vice-Chair)
Billy Christie
Emma Price (Pensioner Rep)
Asad Mushtaq (LBM)
Roger Kershaw (LBM)
Nemashe Sivayogan (LBM)

Additional Attendees:

Investment Consultant – Hymans Robertson External Auditor – EY Investment Manager – LCIV Pension Shared Services – Martin Doyle

Date: Wednesday 20 March 2024

Time: 7.00 pm

Venue: Committee room B - Merton Civic Centre, London Road, Morden SM4

5DX

This is a public meeting and attendance by the public is encouraged and welcomed. For more information about the agenda please contact

Merton.PensionFund@merton.gov.uk or telephone 020 8545 3458.

All Press contacts: communications@merton.gov.uk, 020 8545 3181

If you are reading this electronically, the Council has saved £xx.xx on printing. For more information on the Modern.gov paperless app, contact Democratic Services

Pensions Committee Agenda 20 March 2024

1	Apologies for absence	
2	Declarations of pecuniary interest	
3	Minutes of the previous meeting	1 - 2
4	2022-23 Pension Fund audit update - EY	3 - 44
5	Quarterly Performance Review (Oct-Dec 2023)	45 - 58
6	AOB	
7	Future meeting dates	
	TBC	
8	Exclusion of the public	
	To RESOLVE that the public are excluded from the meeting during consideration of the following report(s) on the grounds that it is (they are) exempt from disclosure for the reasons stated in the report(s).	
9	Minutes of the previous meeting (exempt)	59 - 60
10	Quarterly Fund and Investment Managers Performance Review (Oct-Dec 2023)	61 - 76
11	Presentation by Fund Manager -LCIV	77 - 100
12	Investment progress update	101 - 104
13	Merton Pension Fund Administration Performance (Oct-Dec 2023)	105 - 108
14	AOB	

Note on declarations of interest

Members are advised to declare any Disclosable Pecuniary Interest in any matter to be considered at the meeting. If a pecuniary interest is declared they should withdraw from the meeting room during the whole of the consideration of that matter and must not participate in any vote on that matter. For further advice please speak with the Managing Director, South London Legal Partnership.

Merton Pensions Committee

Minutes of the meeting held on

Part 1 30 November 2023

Attendance:

Cllr Laxmi Attawar (Chair)
Cllr John Braithwaite (Vice Chair)
Cllr Billy Christie
Marzena Zborowska-Hugget (Staff Rep, GMB)
Roger Kershaw (LBM)
Nemashe Sivayogan (LBM)

Apologies

Emma Price (Pensioner Rep)

External attendees:

Investment Consultant - Hymans Robertson

- 1.0 MEETING (Part 1)
- 1.1 Introduction made by Chair.
- 1.2 Members Declaration of Interest None.
- 2. Minutes of Last Meeting Held (Part 1) 12 October 2023
- 2.1 Agreed as a true record.
- 3. Quarterly Fund Performance Review (July-Sept 2023)
- 3.1 RK presented the Q3 2023 Fund performance report and informed the Committee that over the 3 months to 30 September 2023, returns were disappointing. Total Fund assets returned -1.1% compared to the benchmark of 0.0%. This equates to an underperformance of -1.0%.
- 3.2 The Fund's total market value decreased by £18m over the quarter, from £864.2m to £846.2m
- 3.3 Over the last 12 months, the Fund performance was 6.1%, and 3-year annualised performance was 2.9%. The annual Actuarial performance target is 4.2%.
- 3.4 Cllr Christie requested data on how the Fund is performing against other LGPS Funds (Action).
- 3.5 From an asset class perspective: Most mandates showed a negative or slight return.
- 4. AOB

None.







London Borough of Merton Civic Centre Morden SM4 5DX

Dear Committee Members

2022/23 Audit results report

We are pleased to attach our audit results report, summarising the status of our audit for the forthcoming meeting of the Pensions Committee. We will update the Committee at the meeting on further progress to that date and explain the remaining steps to the issue of our final opinion.

The audit is designed to express an opinion on the 2022/23 financial statements and address current statutory and regulatory requirements. This report contains our findings related to the areas of audit emphasis, our views on Merton Pension Fund's accounting policies and judgements and material internal control findings. Each year sees further enhancements to the level of audit challenge, the exercise of professional judgement and the quality of evidence required to achieve the robust professional scepticism that society expects. We thank the management team for supporting this process. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Pensions Committee and management. It is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the contents of this report with you at the Pensions Committee meeting.

Yours faithfully

E.Jackson.

Elizabeth Jackson, Partner
For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP
Encl

Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued the "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the PSAA website (https://www.psaa.co.uk/managing-audit-quality/statement-of-responsibilities-of-auditors-and-audited-bodies-upto-2022-23/). The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment and further guidance from July 2021" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This report is made solely to the Pensions Committee and management of Merton Pension Fund in accordance with our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Pensions Committee and management of Merton Pension Fund those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Pensions Committee and management of Merton Pension Fund for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without our prior written consent.



Executive Summary



Scope update

In our audit planning report dated 12 October 2023, we provided you with an overview of our audit scope and approach for the audit of the financial statements. We carried out our audit in accordance with this plan with the following updates.

We revisited our planning materiality assessment using the draft Statement of Accounts and also reconsidered our risk assessment:

Materiality:

		Audit Plan	Actual applied
	Materiality	£m	£m
	Net Assets	926.9	865.5
	Planning Materiality	9.2	8.6
90	Performance Materiality	6.9	6.4
7	Audit Differences	0.46	0.43

Risk Assessment:

Our review of the draft financial statements identified an increase in the value of pooled investment property funds classified as Level 2 from £20m to £48.5m. As a result we identified this as an area of higher inherent risk, our work to address this is reported within section 2 of this report.



Status of the audit

Our audit work in respect of the Pension Fund opinion is substantially complete. The following items relating to the completion of our audit procedures were outstanding at the date of circulating this report (4 March 2024).

- ▶ Completion and review of our work to gain assurance over the risk of misstatements due to fraud and error
- ► Final check of the updated annual report
- ▶ Update of our subsequent events procedures to the date of our opinion.
- ▶ Receipt of a signed letter of representation.

Although our work is substantially complete we are not yet able to issue our opinion on the Pension Fund financial statements.

As a result of national backlogs in the delivery of local government audits we have not been able to complete the audit of the 2022/23 financial statements of the condon Borough of Merton as the administering authority for the Pension Fund. The Pension Fund accounts are consolidated into the audited accounts of he condon Borough of Merton.

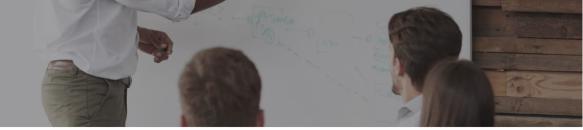
expect to be able to complete this by the 30 September 2024, based on the detail of the current consultations, following the Ministerial announcement

Audit differences

We have identified one unadjusted difference. The value of private debt and infrastructure investments disclosed in the financial statements differed from our recalculated value by £0.45m.

The Fund has agreed to adjust for a small number of differences arising from our audit, largely relating to updated valuation of investment assets as final year end figures were notified to the Fund after the draft accounts were prepared.

We include further details of the audit differences in Section 04.



Areas of audit focus

DARDROOM

In our Audit Plan we identified a number of key areas of focus for our audit of the financial report of Merton Pension Fund. This report sets out our observations and status in relation to these areas, including our views on areas which might be conservative and areas where there is potential risk and exposure. Our consideration of these matters and others identified during the period is explained within the 'Areas of Audit Focus' section of this report and summarised below.

Fraud risk	Findings & Conclusions
Misstatements due to fraud or error	We carried out procedures to address fraud risks as set out in our Audit Plan, including testing journal entries. Using data analytics is central to our approach.
	We also performed a reconciliation between the fund manager reports and the custodian reports to address the risk of manipulation of asset valuations.
	Subject to final completion noting that our work is well progressed, we have no matters to bring to your attention at the current time.
Significant risk	Findings & Conclusions
Valuation of level 3 investments	We carried out procedures as set out in our Audit Plan to ensure that these investment valuations are supported and that estimation processes, including assumptions made, are materially accurate.
	As a result of our work, we highlighted a reclassification of a new investment for 2022/23 from level 2 to level 3 investments, the reclassification was £32.5m and had no impact on the overall net assets of the fund.
Inherent risk	Findings & Conclusions
Valuation of level 2 investments	We carried out procedures as set out in our Audit Plan to ensure that these investment valuations are supported.
	As a result of our work, we highlighted a reclassification of a new investment for 2022/23 from level 2 to level 3 investments, the reclassification was £32.5m and had no impact on the overall net assets of the fund.
IAS 26 - Actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits.	We carried out procedures as set out in our Audit Plan to gain assurance over the IAS 26 actuarial statement and the associated disclosure of the actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits as a note to the accounts.
	We have completed our work in this area and have no matters to bring to your attention.



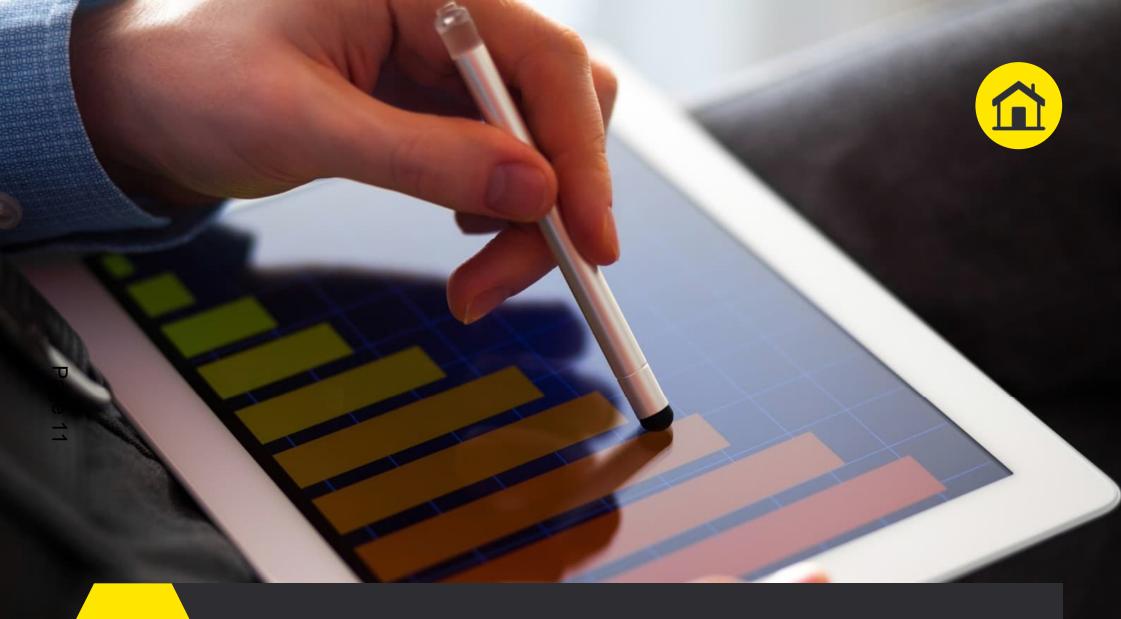
Control observations

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control based on procedures undertaken to date that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements. We set out our detailed findings in Section 05 of this report.

Independence

Please refer to Section 07 for our update on Independence. We have no issues we need to bring to your attention subject to completion of our audit procedures.

Page 10



Risk of misstatements due to fraud or error – Posting of investment journals

Fraud risk

What is the risk, and the key judgements and estimates?

(The financial statements as a whole are not free of material) Omisstatements whether caused by fraud or error.

s identified in ISA (UK) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.

There is a specific risk that, due to fraud or error, investment journals posted into the general ledger are incorrect, which could result in a misstatement of year-end investment value and/or investment income.

What are our findings and conclusions?

Subject to final completion but noting that our work is well progressed, we have not identified any material evidence of material management override.

Specifically:

- Our review of trends in general ledger data, and detailed consideration of unusual or unexpected journal postings, did not identify any journal entries that suggested the manipulation of accounting records or override or controls by management.
- We were able to reconcile fund manager, custodian and valuer reports to investments valuations disclosed in the financial statements with no material differences.
- We were able to agree the detailed investment note using reports directly from the custodian, valuer or fund managers.
- We checked the reconciliation of holdings included in the Net Assets Statement back to the source reports.
- Our review of accounting estimates, including estimates with a higher level of inherent risk, identified no evidence of management bias. Confidential - All Rights Reserved

Our response to the key areas of challenge and professional judgement

We undertook our standard procedures to address fraud risk, which included:

- Inquiry of management about risks of fraud and the controls put in place to address those risks.
- Understanding the oversight given by those charged with governance of management's processes over fraud.
- Consideration of the effectiveness of management's controls designed to address the risk of fraud.

We also performed mandatory procedures regardless of specifically identified fraud risks, including:

- Testing the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements.
- Assessing accounting estimates for evidence of management bias.
- Evaluating the business rationale for significant unusual transactions.

We focused on ensuring that the investment valuations provided through the custodian and fund managers are appropriately journaled into the financial statements, where we have identified the opportunity and incentive for override to occur. We also:

- Undertook a review of reconciliations to the fund manager, custodian and valuer reports and investigated any reconciling differences;
- Re-performed the detailed investment note using the reports we have acquired directly from the custodian, valuer or fund managers; and
- Checked the reconciliation of holdings included in the Net Assets Statement back to the source reports.

Valuation of Level 3 Investments

Significant risk

What is the risk, and the key judgements and estimates?

U

Of a higher degree of inherent risk due to the unobservable inputs making up the valuations. This covolves a high degree of estimation from the fund manager as audited accounts are only produced up to Q3 of the financial year.

Our response to the key areas of challenge and professional judgement

We:

- Agreed the population of investment assets accounted for in the financial statements to individual underlying fund manager valuation reports.
- Agreed the net asset value (NAV) of the level 3 investments appearing in the Fund's financial statements to
 underpinning audited financial statements supporting the investments as at 31/3/2023 where financial statements
 supporting valuation at this date were available. Where audited financial statements supporting the investments were
 not available at the net asset statement date we agreed the NAV in fund manager reports at 31/12/2022 to audited
 financial statements at that date. Further assurance was obtained as set out below.
- Obtained controls assurance reports from fund managers. Where these were not to 31/3/2023 we obtained bridging confirmation to 31/3/2023. We evaluated the overall assurance given and any specific control failures. We specifically considered controls that relate to valuation for exceptions or issues that may caveat the assurance given.
- Evaluated the underpinning audited fund financial statements for each fund at either 31/12/2022 or 31/3/2023 to ensure they were unqualified, had no other potentially relevant reporting points and were issued by a reputable auditor. Where relevant, we agreed the NAV of private equity investments to underpinning audited financial statements as at 31/12/2022 by applying the Fund's share-holder percentage to the value within the statements. Where audited financial statements were not available at 31/3/2023 we adjusted the 31/12/2022 (quarter 3) valuation for known cash flow movements in the final quarter of the year, assuming they occurred at the start of quarter 4. We then obtained quarter 3 to 4 indices relevant to the type of investment to create a expectations of movements for quarter 4 and applied that to the valuation derived for each investment at 31/12/2022. We confirmed that the expectation established was not greater than our variance threshold.
- Compared the valuation in the financial statements to the range established above to gain assurance they were within range to a tolerance of performance materiality.

What are our findings and conclusions?

We have completed our testing and identified one reclassification for one investment from level 2 to level 3 investments of £32.5m, we have not noted any issues with the judgements used in the valuation of level 2 investments.

Valuation of level 2 investments

Inherent risk

What is the risk, and the key judgements and estimates?

The Pension Fund's investment valuations are classified into three Levels, according to the quality and reliability of information used to Letermine fair value.

As at 31 March 2023, Merton Pension Fund held a significant balance of funds which are classified as Level 2. Assets at Level 2 are those where quoted market prices are not available; for example, where an instrument is traded in a market that is not considered to be active, or where valuation techniques are used to determine fair value.

We consider the valuation of non-quoted pooled investments to be of a higher degree of inherent risk because of the extent of estimation uncertainty

What are our findings and conclusions?

Our response to the key areas of challenge and professional judgement

We:

- · Reconciled the valuation of the non-quoted assets provided by the custodian and fund manager
- Verified the fund manager unit valuation to recent unit sales using externally available market information
- Reviewed the latest available audited accounts for the relevant fund and ensured there were no matters arising that highlight weaknesses in the fund's valuation
- Performed an analytical review of the pooled funds movement in year against the specific market movements the fund is invested in.

We have completed our testing and identified one reclassification for one investment from level 2 to level 3 investments of £32.5m, we have not noted any issues with the judgements used in the valuation of level 2 investments.

IAS 26 – Actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits

Inherent risk

What is the risk, and the key judgements and estimates?

We consider the valuation of IAS 26 to be of a higher degree of cinherent risk because of the level of estimation uncertainty resulting from the calculation using a number of underlying assumptions.

The actuary is required to make assumptions on salary increases, discount rates, pension rates, scheme member longevity and other variables.

While IAS 26 does not inform the primary statements, there is stakeholder interest in this disclosure due to it's nature.

What are our findings and conclusions?

We have completed our work in this area and subject to final review have no matters to bring to your attention.

Our response to the key areas of challenge and professional judgement

We:

- Agreed the disclosure to the IAS 26 actuarial statement and reporting requirements.
- Engaged an auditor's specialist to review the IAS 26 calculation approach and comment on the underlying assumptions.
- Reviewed the work of the management specialist (Barnett Waddingham, the actuary) and auditor's specialist.
- · Considered the controls used by Barnett Waddingham in undertaking the calculation.
- Performed IAS 19 liability roll-forward procedures for the largest scheduled body of the Fund, which give us assurance the assumptions have been correctly applied by the actuary.
- In 2022/23 we have been required to test membership data informing the 2022 triennial valuation of the Fund which will provide IAS19 assurance for scheduled body audits across a number of years.



Draft Audit Report

Draft audit report

Our opinion on the financial statements

As at the time of writing we intend to issue an unqualified opinion on the 2022/23 Pension Fund financial statements. This remains subject to change as we have not yet issued an opinion on the 2022/23 financial statements of the administering authority accounts of the London Borough of Merton in which the Fund's accounts are consolidated. We therefore cannot fully conclude the Pension Fund audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LONDON BOROUGH OF MERTON ON THE PENSION FUND'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the Pension Fund ("the Fund") financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended). The pension fund financial statements comprise the Local Government Pension Scheme Fund Account, the Net Assets Statement and the related notes 1 to 26.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.

In our opinion the pension fund financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Fund during the year ended 31 March 2023 and the amount and disposition at that date of the its assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the Council as administering authority for the Pension Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and the Comptroller and Auditor General's AGNO1, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Executive Head of Finance and Digital' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of xx months from when the Fund's financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Executive Head of Finance and Digital with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the authority's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Statement of Accounts 2022/23, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Executive Head of Finance and Digitalis responsible for the other information contained within the Statement of Accounts 2022/23.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

Our opinion on the financial statements

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- · we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended);
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Page Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended);
 - we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended):
 - we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended); or
 - we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended).

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Responsibility of the Executive Head of Finance and Digital

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities set out on page 22, the Executive Head of Finance and Digitalis responsible for the preparation of the Authority's Statement of Accounts, which includes the pension fund financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Executive Head of Finance and Digitalis also responsible for such internal control as the Executive Head of Finance and Digital determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Executive Head of Finance and Digital is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Administering Authority either intends to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with the Executive Head of Finance and Digital.

Our approach was as follows:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Fund and determined that the most significant are the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 (as amended), and The Public Service Pensions Act 2013.

Merton Pension Fund Audit results report 16 Confidential - All Rights Reserved

Our opinion on the financial statements

- We understood how the Fund is complying with those frameworks by making enquries of the management. We corroborated this through our reading of the Pension Committee minutes, through enquiry of employees to confirm Pension policies, and through the inspection of employee handbooks and other information.
- Based on this understanding, we designed our audit procedures to identify noncompliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures involved making
 enquiries of the management for their awareness of any non-compliance of laws
 or regulations, inspecting correspondence with the Pensions Regulator and review
 of minutes.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Fund's financial statements to material
 misstatement, including how fraud might occur by considering the key risks
 impacting the financial statements and documenting the controls that the Fund
 has established to address risks identified, or that otherwise seek to prevent, deter
 or detect fraud.
- In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any identified significant transactions that were unusual or outside the normal course of business. These procedures were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error.
- · To address our fraud risk we:
 - Undertook a review of reconciliations to the fund manager, custodian and valuer reports and investigated any reconciling differences;
 - Re-performed the detailed investment note using the reports we have acquired directly from the custodian, valuer or fund managers;

- Checked the reconciliation of holdings included in the Net Assets Statement back to the source reports; and
- Reviewed accounting estimates for evidence of management bias, including estimates with a higher level of inherent risk.
- The Fund is required to comply with The Local Government Pensions Scheme regulations, other legislation relevant to the governance and administration of the Local Government Pension Scheme and requirements imposed by the Pension Regulator in relation to the Local Government Pension Scheme. As such, we have considered the experience and expertise of the engagement team including the use of specialists where appropriate, to ensure that the team had an appropriate understanding of the relevant pensions regulations to assess the control environment and consider compliance of the Fund with these regulations as part of our audit procedures.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of the London Borough of Merton, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended) and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the London Borough of Merton and its members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Audit Differences

In the normal course of any audit, we identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and the disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as 'known' or 'judgemental'. Known differences represent items that can be accurately quantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of adjusted differences

We are required to highlight misstatements greater than our tolerable error of £8.65m which have been corrected by management that were identified during the course of our audit. There were no misstatements of this nature to draw to your attention, subject to completion of our final audit procedures.

Our testing highlighted one reclassification of one investment with a value of £32.5m from level 2 to level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. This did not impact the overall net assets of the fund.

Uncorrected misstatements

• We are required to highlight uncorrected misstatements above our reporting threshold. The Pensions Committee should consider management's reasons for not paidjusting the financial statements.

The value of private debt and infrastructure investments disclosed in the financial statements differed from our recalculated value by £0.45m. Management has determined that no adjustments will be made to the financial statements as a result of this issue as it is not material to the fund. We consider the reasons given by management for not adjusting to be reasonable. If the Pensions Committee agree with management's reasons for not adjusting the basis for this will need to be set out in the letter of management representation and signed by the Executive Head of Finance and Digital and Chair of the Committee.



Other Reporting Issues

Consistency of other information published with the financial statements

Our responsibility is to report to you our opinion on the consistency of the pension fund financial statements within the pension fund annual report with the pension fund financial statements in the statement of accounts of the London Borough of Merton, and its compliance with applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23. We are not yet able to do this as we have not completed the audit of the London Borough of Merton's 2022/23 financial statements.

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Authority to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest"). We also have a duty to make written recommendations to the Authority, copied to the Secretary of State, and take action in accordance with our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability out 2014. We had no reason to exercise these duties subject to completion of our final audit procedures.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK&I) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Fund's financial reporting process. We had no matters to report subject to completion of our final audit procedures.

Other Reporting Issues

ISA (UK) 315 (Revised): Identifying and Addressing the Risks of Material Misstatement

ISA 315 is effective from FY 2022/23 onwards and is the critical standard which drives the auditor's approach to the following areas:

- Risk Assessment
- Understanding the entity's internal control
- Significant risk
- Approach to addressing significant risk (in combination with ISA 330)

The International Auditing & Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) concluded that whilst the existing version of the standard was fundamentally sound, feedback determined that it was not always clear, leading to a possibility that risk identification was not consistent. The aims of the revised standard is to:

- Drive consistent and effective identification and assessment of risks of material misstatement
- Improve the standard's applicability to entities across a wide spectrum of circumstances and complexities ('scalability')

Modernise ISA 315 to meet evolving business needs, including:

- how auditors use automated tools and techniques, including data analytics to perform risk assessment audit procedures; and
- how auditors understand the entity's use of information technology relevant to financial reporting.

 $\cite{N} Focus auditors on exercising professional scepticism throughout the risk identification and assessment process.$

We set out the findings and conclusions from our work to implement ISA 315 in the table below.

Audit Procedures

age

We performed the following procedures:

We obtained an understanding of the IT processes related to the IT applications of the Fund. The Fund has two relevant IT applications for the purposes of ISA 315 risk assessment.

- We performed procedures to determine if there are typical controls missing or control deficiencies identified and evaluated the consequences for our audit strategy.
- When we have identified controls relevant to the audit that are application controls or ITdependent manual controls where we do not gain assurance substantively, we performed additional procedures.
- We reviewed the following processes for all five relevant IT applications:
 - Manage vendor supplied changes
 - Manage security settings
 - Manage user access
 - Manage entity-programmed changes
 - Job scheduling and managing IT process

Audit findings and conclusions

No significant issues were identified in our review of the various processes, including the design and implementation effectiveness of relevant controls around the financial statement close process. We have not tested the operation of any controls through this review.



Assessment of Control Environment

Financial controls

It is the responsibility of the Fund to develop and implement systems of internal financial control and to put in place proper arrangements to monitor their adequacy and effectiveness in practice. Our responsibility as your auditor is to consider whether the Fund has put adequate arrangements in place to satisfy itself that the systems of internal financial control are both adequate and effective in practice.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed.

Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control, we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control.

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in internal control to bring to your attention subject to completion of our final audit procedures.

Page

Relationships, services and related threats and safeguards

Relationships

The FRC Ethical Standard requires that we provide details of all relationships between Ernst & Young (EY) and the Fund, and its members and senior management and its affiliates, including all services provided by us and our network to the Fund, its members and senior management and its affiliates, and other services provided to other known connected parties that we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on the our integrity or objectivity, including those that could compromise independence and the related safeguards that are in place and why they address the threats.

There are no relationships from 1 April 2022 to the date of this report which we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and objectivity.

Services provided by Ernst & Young

The table below sets out a summary of the fees that are due to us in relation to the year ended 31 March 2023 in line with the disclosures set out in FRC Ethical Standard and in statute.

at the date of this report, there are no future services which have been contracted and no written proposal to provide non-audit services has been submitted.

$\overrightarrow{\Phi}$	Current Year	Prior Year
28 28	2022/23	2021/22
	Proposed fee £	£
Scale Fee - Code work	24,795	16,170
Scale Fee Variation - see Note 1	TBC	18,095
Additional fee for membership data testing to support IAS 19 assurance work on behalf of admitted bodies - see Note 2	£14,500-£17,500	8,500
Total fees	TBC	42,765

Note 1 – Given the number of significant risks and areas of audit focus that we highlighted in our audit plan as areas of additional work required to meet our responsibilities, and in order to meet regulatory and compliance audit requirements not present in the market at the time of our most recent bid to PSAA, we provided an estimate of the additional recurrent fee that will be incurred in 2022/23 and in future years of £39,857. PSAA ultimately determined that an additional 2021/22 fee of £18,095 should be paid by the Fund on a non-recurrent basis. We will charge additional fee for work to comply with the enhanced requirements of ISA (UK) 315 (Revised). We will report our final proposed scale fee variation on full completion of our work.

Note 2 - In 2021/22 we charged an additional £8,500 for IAS 19 assurance provided to a number of scheduled and admitted bodies of the Fund. We expect to charge a higher amount in 2022/23 as we have been required to test membership data informing the 2022 triennial valuation of the Fund which will provide IAS19 assurance for scheduled body audits across a number of years. We will report our final proposed additional fee for membership data testing on full completion of our work.

Independence

EY Transparency Report 2022

Ernst & Young (EY) has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained.

Details of the key policies and processes in place within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this Report is for the year end 30 June 2022:

EY UK 2023 Transparency Report | EY UK

Merton Pension Fund Audit results report 27



Appendix A - Summary of communications

Summary of communications

Date	Nature	Summary
Throughout the year	Meetings, calls and emails.	The Partner and Senior Manager have held monthly meetings with the Executive Head of Finance and Digital throughout the year.
March 2023 - Pensions Committee	2022/23 Indicative Audit Planning Report	The Partner and/or Senior Manager have attended those meetings of the London Borough of Merton Pensions Committee noted opposite through the financial year and to the date of issue of this report.
October 2023 - Pensions Committee	2022/23 Audit Planning Report	
March 2024 نی- Pensions Committee	2022/23 Audit Results Report	

In addition to the above specific meetings and letters the audit team met with the management team multiple times throughout the audit to discuss audit findings.

Appendix B - Required communications with the Audit Committee

Required communications with the Audit Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the Audit Committees of UK entities. We have detailed these here together with a reference of when and where they were covered:

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the audit committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.
Our responsibilities	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified. When communicating key audit matters this includes the most significant risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) including those that have the greatest effect on the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit and directing the efforts of the engagement team.	Audit Planning Report, October 2023 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations that we are seeking Expected modifications to the audit report Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process 	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.

Appendix B - Required communications with the Audit Committee (cont'd)

			Our Reporting to you
	Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
	Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty related to going concern Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The appropriateness of related disclosures in the financial statements 	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
Page 33	Misstatements	 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion, unless prohibited by law or regulation The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected Material misstatements corrected by management 	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
ω	Fraud	 Enquiries of the audit committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the entity, any identified or suspected fraud involving: a. Management; b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or c. Others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. The nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to complete the audit when fraud involving management is suspected Matters, if any, to communicate regarding management's process for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud in the entity and our assessment of the risks of material misstatement due to fraud Any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Audit Committee responsibility. 	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.

Appendix B - Required communications with the Audit Committee (cont'd)

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Related parties	Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable: Non-disclosure by management Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions Disagreement over disclosures Non-compliance with laws and regulations Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
Independence	Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence. Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence Communications whenever significant judgements are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place.	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.

Appendix B - Required communications with the Audit Committee (cont'd)

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Consideration of laws and regulations	 Subject to compliance with applicable regulations, matters involving identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than those which are clearly inconsequential and the implications thereof. Instances of suspected non-compliance may also include those that are brought to our attention that are expected to occur imminently or for which there is reason to believe that they may occur Enquiry of the audit committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the audit committee may be aware of 	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
Significant deficiencies in nternal controls dentified during the audit	Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
Vritten representations Ve are requesting from The anagement and/or The are charged with The are representations	Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact dentified in other offormation which management has refused o revise	Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.
Auditors report	 Key audit matters that we will include in our auditor's report Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor's report 	This Audit Results Report, March 2024 meeting of the Pensions Committee.

Draft management representation letter

The draft letter below sets out the management representations received at the time of writing and remains subject to potential change.

Management Rep Letter

Elizabeth Jackson
Partner
Ernst & Young
1 More London Place
U London
SE1 2AF

This letter of representations is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Merton Pension Fund ("the Fund") for the year ended 31 March 2023. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Fund during the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 and of the amount and disposition of the Fund's assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2023, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the period, have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of the Fund's financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose – all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

Financial Statements and Financial Records

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.
- 2. We confirm that the Fund is a Registered Pension Scheme. We are not aware of any reason why the tax status of the scheme should change.
- 3. We acknowledge, as members of management of the Fund, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements. We believe the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position and the financial performance of the Fund in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23, and are free of material misstatements, including omissions. We have approved the financial statements.
- 4. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are appropriately described in the financial statements.
- 5. As members of management of the Fund, we believe that the Fund has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. We have disclosed to you any significant changes in our processes, controls, policies and procedures that we have made to address the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our system of internal controls and the effects of the conflict and related sanctions in Ukraine, Russia and/or Belarus on our system of internal controls.

Management representation letter

The draft letter below sets out the management representations received at the time of writing and remains subject to potential change.

Management Rep Letter

- 6. We believe that the effects of any unadjusted audit differences, summarised in the accompanying schedule, accumulated by you during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. We have not corrected these differences identified and brought to our attention by the auditor because [specify reasons for not correcting misstatement]
- B. Non-compliance with laws and regulations including fraud
- 1. We acknowledge that we are responsible for determining that the Fund's activities are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that we are responsible for identifying and addressing any non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.
 - 2. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
 - 3. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
 - 4. We have not made any reports to The Pensions Regulator, nor are we aware of any such reports having been made by any of our advisors.
 - 5. There have been no other communications with The Pensions Regulator or other regulatory bodies during the Fund year or subsequently concerning matters of noncompliance with any legal duty. We have drawn to your attention all correspondence and notes of meetings with regulators.

- 6. We have no knowledge of any identified or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations, including fraud that may have affected the Fund (regardless of the source or form and including without limitation, any allegations by "whistleblowers"), including non-compliance matters:
- Involving financial improprieties.
- Related to laws or regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Fund's financial statements.
- Related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Fund, its ability to continue, or to avoid material penalties.
- Involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal control, or others.
- In relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other non-compliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.
- C. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions
- 1. We have provided you with:
- Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation
 of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters.
- Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 2. You have been informed of all changes to the Fund rules.

Management representation letter

The draft letter below sets out the management representations received at the time of writing and remains subject to potential change.

Management Rep Letter

- 6. We believe that the effects of any unadjusted audit differences, summarised in the accompanying schedule, accumulated by you during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. We have not corrected these differences identified and brought to our attention by the auditor because [specify reasons for not correcting misstatement]
 - B. Non-compliance with laws and regulations including fraud
 - 1. We acknowledge that we are responsible for determining that the Fund's activities are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that we are responsible for identifying and addressing any non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.
 - 2. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
 - 3. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
 - 4. We have not made any reports to The Pensions Regulator, nor are we aware of any such reports having been made by any of our advisors.
 - 5. There have been no other communications with The Pensions Regulator or other regulatory bodies during the Fund year or subsequently concerning matters of noncompliance with any legal duty. We have drawn to your attention all correspondence and notes of meetings with regulators.

- 6. We have no knowledge of any identified or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations, including fraud that may have affected the Fund (regardless of the source or form and including without limitation, any allegations by "whistleblowers"), including non-compliance matters:
- Involving financial improprieties.
- Related to laws or regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Fund's financial statements.
- Related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Fund, its ability to continue, or to avoid material penalties.
- Involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal control, or others.
- In relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other non-compliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.
- C. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions
- 1. We have provided you with:
- Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation
 of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters.
- Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 2. You have been informed of all changes to the Fund rules.

Management representation letter

The draft letter below sets out the management representations received at the time of writing and remains subject to potential change.

Management Rep Letter

- 3. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and all material transactions, events and conditions are reflected in the financial statements, including those related to the COVID-19 pandemic and including those related to the conflict and related sanctions in Ukraine, Russia and/or Belarus.
- 4. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of members of the management of the Fund and committees of members of the management of the Fund, or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared, held throughout 2022/23 to the most recent meeting.
 - 5. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Fund's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the period end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.
 - 6. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding annuities held in the name of the members of the management of the Fund.
 - 7. We have disclosed to you, and the Fund has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.

- 8. No transactions have been made which are not in the interests of the Fund members or the Fund during the fund year or subsequently.
- 9. We believe that the methods, significant assumptions and the data we used in making accounting estimates and related disclosures are appropriate and consistently applied to achieve recognition, measurement and disclosure that is in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.
- 10. From the date of our last management representation letter at 24 February 2023 through the date of this letter we have disclosed to you, to the extent that we are aware, any (1) unauthorized access to our information technology systems that either occurred or to the best of our knowledge is reasonably likely to have occurred based on our investigation, including of reports submitted to us by third parties (including regulatory agencies, law enforcement agencies and security consultants), to the extent that such unauthorized access to our information technology systems is reasonably likely to have a material impact to the financial statements, in each case or in the aggregate, and (2) ransomware attacks when we paid or are contemplating paying a ransom, regardless of the amount.
- D. Liabilities and Contingencies
- 1. All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

Management representation letter

The draft letter below sets out the management representations received at the time of writing and remains subject to potential change.

Management Rep Letter

- 2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.
- 3. We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related to litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in Note 25 to the financial statements all guarantees that we have given to third parties.
 - E. Going Concern
 - 1. Note 2.1 to the financial statements discloses all the matters of which we are aware that are relevant to the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, including significant conditions and events, our plans for future action, and the feasibility of those plans.
 - F. Subsequent Events
 - 1. Other than as described in Note 6 to the financial statements, there have been no events, including events related to the COVID-19 pandemic, and including events related to the conflict and related sanctions in Ukraine, Russia and/or Belarus, subsequent to period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements or notes thereto.
 - G. Other information
 - 1. We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the Merton Pension Fund Annual Report 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023.

- 2. We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.
- H. Independence
- 1. We confirm that, under section 27 of the Pensions Act 1995, no member of the management of the Fund of the Scheme is connected with, or is an associate of, Ernst & Young LLP which would render Ernst & Young LLP ineligible to act as auditor to the Scheme.
- I. Derivative Financial Instruments
- 1. We confirm that the Fund has made no direct investment in derivative financial instruments.

Pooling investments, including the use of collective investment vehicles and shared services

1. We confirm that all investments in pooling arrangements, including the use of collective investment vehicles and shared services, meet the criteria set out in the November 2015 investment reform and criteria guidance and that the requirements of the LGPS Management and Investment of Funds Regulations 2016 in respect of these investments has been followed.

Management representation letter

The draft letter below sets out the management representations received at the time of writing and remains subject to potential change.

Management Rep Letter

K. Actuarial valuation

- 1. The latest report of the actuary Hymans Robertson as at 31st March 2022 and dated 30th March 2023 has been provided to you. To the best of our knowledge and belief we confirm that the information supplied by us to the actuary was true and that **U** no significant information was omitted which may have a bearing on his report.
- L. Use of the Work of a Specialist
- 1. We agree with the findings of the specialists that we have engaged to value:
 - a. The actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits (the Actuary).
 - b. The directly owned property investments of the Fund (the Property Valuer).

We have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.

M. Estimates

Valuation of directly owned property investments

1. We confirm that the significant judgments made in making the property valuation estimate have taken into account all relevant information and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the valuation of directly owned property investments of which we are aware.

- 2. We believe that the selection or application of the methods, assumptions and data used by us have been consistently and appropriately applied or used in making the directly own property investments valuation estimate.
- 3. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the directly owned property investments valuation estimate appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out the valuation on behalf of the entity.
- 4. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate, including those describing estimation uncertainty and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the valuation of directly owned property investments, are complete and are reasonable in the context of the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.
- 5. We confirm that appropriate specialized skills or expertise has been applied in making the directly owned property investments valuation estimate.
- 6. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimates and disclosures in the financial statements, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Valuation of Fair Value Hierarchy Level 3 Investment Assets (Investments in Private Equity, Private Debt and Infrastructure) Estimates

1. We confirm that the significant judgments made in making the fair value hierarchy level 3 investment assets valuation estimates have taken into account all relevant information and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the valuation of fair value hierarchy level 3 investment assets of which we are aware.

Management representation letter

The draft letter below sets out the management representations received at the date of this report and remains subject to any required updates ahead of our audit conclusion.

Management Rep Letter

- 2. We believe that the selection or application of the methods, assumptions and data used by us have been consistently and appropriately applied or used in making the fair value hierarchy level 3 investment assets valuation estimates.
- 3. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the fair value hierarchy level 3 investment assets valuation estimates appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out the valuations on behalf of the entity.
 - 4. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimates, including those describing estimation uncertainty and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the valuation of fair value hierarchy level 3 investment assets, are complete and are reasonable in the context of the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.
 - 5. We confirm that appropriate specialized skills or expertise has been applied in making the valuation of fair value hierarchy level 3 investment asset estimate.
 - 6. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimates and disclosures in the financial statements, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Estimation of IAS26 present value of promised retirement benefits

1. We confirm that the significant judgments made in making the IAS26 estimate have taken into account all relevant information and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the present value of promised retirement benefits of which we are aware.

- 2. We believe that the selection or application of the methods, assumptions and data used by us have been consistently and appropriately applied or used in making the IAS26 estimate of the present value of promised retirement benefits.
- 3. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the IAS 26 estimate of the present value of promised retirement benefits appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out the valuation on behalf of the entity.
- 4. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate, including those describing estimation uncertainty and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the valuation of the present value of promised retirement benefits are complete and are reasonable in the context of the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.
- 5. We confirm that appropriate specialized skills or expertise has been applied in making the valuation of the present value of promised retirement benefits.
- 6. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate and disclosures in the financial statements, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- N. Climate-related matters
- 1. We confirm that to the best of our knowledge all information that is relevant to the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of climate-related matters has been considered and reflected in the financial statements.

Management representation letter

The draft letter below sets out the management representations received at the time of writing and remains subject to potential change.

Management Rep Letter

2. The key assumptions used in preparing the financial statements are, to the extent allowable under the requirements of the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23, aligned with the statements we have made in the other information or other public communications made by us.

Yours faithfully,

CO

Executive Head of Finance and Digital

Chair of the Pensions Committee

EY | Building a better working world

EY exists to build a better working world, helping to create long-term value for clients, people and society and build trust in the capital markets.

Enabled by data and technology, diverse EY teams in over 150 countries provide trust through assurance and help clients grow, transform and operate.

Working across assurance, consulting, law, strategy, tax and transactions, EY teams ask better questions to find new answers for the complex issues facing our world

EY refers to the global organization, and may refer to one or more, of the member firms of Ernst & Young Global Limited, each of which is a separate legal entity. Ernst & Young Global Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, does not provide services to clients. Information about how EY collects and uses personal data and a description of the rights individuals have under data protection legislation are available via ey.com/privacy. EY member firms do not practice law where prohibited by local laws. For more information about our organization, please visit ey.com.

Ernst & Young LLP

The UK firm Ernst & Young LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales with registered number OC300001 and is a member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited.

Frnst & Young LLP, 1 More London Place, London, SE1 2AF.

2022 Ernst & Young LLP. Published in the UK.

All Rights Reserved.

KC-024050 (UK) 07/22. Creative UK.

ED None

Information in this publication is intended to provide only a general outline of the subjects covered. It should neither be regarded as comprehensive nor sufficient for making decisions, nor should it be used in place of professional advice. Ernst & Young LLP accepts no responsibility for any loss arising from any action taken or not taken by anyone using this material.

ey.com/uk

Committee:

Merton Pension Committee Date: 20 March 2024

Merton Pension Board Date: TBC

Wards: All

Subject: Merton Pension Fund Performance –

Quarter ending December 2023

Lead Officer: Roger Kershaw – Assistant Director – Finance and Digital

Lead Member: Councillor Billy Christie - Cabinet Member - Corporate Services

Contact Officer: Nemashe Sivayogan – Head of Treasury and Pensions

This is a Public Document

RECOMMENDATION

Members are asked to note the content of this report, in particular, the market values and performance of the total Fund and component portfolios for the quarter ending 31 December 2023, attribution of the results and the market environment during the period.

1.0 PURPOSE OF REPORT

- 1.1 To report the investment performance at total Fund level, and of the individual fund managers, for the quarter ending 31 December 2023. The report highlights the performance of the total Fund by asset class compared to the customised benchmark for the quarter, one year and since inception.
- 1.2 The report gives the Committee a consistent basis on which to review the performance of the Fund as at 31 December 2023. The report provides information to support future actions including periodic rebalancing and review of investment strategy and investment management arrangement.

2.0 FUND PERFORMANCE

2.1 The attached Fund Analysis & Performance Report (**Appendix 1**) produced by the Fund's investment and performance consultants Hymans Robertson provides useful analysis and insights of the Pension Fund activities and results for the quarter ending 31 December 2023.

The following table shows the total Fund valuation as at 31 December 2023.

VALUATION SUMMARY

	Valuati	on (£m)	Actual		
Mandate	30-Sep-23	31-Dec-23	Proportion	Benchmark	Relativ
LCIV RBC Sustainable Equity Fund	61.0	64.3	7.1%	7.0%	0.1%
LCIV Baillie Gifford Global Alpha Growth Paris Aligned Fund	57.6	62.2	6.9%	7.0%	-0.1%
BlackRock ACS World Low Carbon Equity Tracker	65.2	70.2	7.7%	7.0%	0.7%
BlackRock ACS World Multifactor ESG Equity Tracker Fund	50.4	53.6	5.9%	7.0%	-1.1%
Global Equities	234.1	250.4	27.6%	28.0%	-0.4%
UBS GEM HALO	34.6	36.0	4.0%	5.0%	-1.0%
LCIV JP Morgan Emerging Market Equity Fund	33.5	34.2	3.8%	5.0%	-1.2%
Emerging Market Equities	68.1	70.2	7.7%	10.0%	-2.3%
LCIV Ruffer Absolute Return Fund	57.2	58.4	6.4%	5.0%	1.4%
Diversified Growth	57.2	58.4	6.4%	5.0%	1.4%
UBS Triton Property Fund	16.6	16.5	1.8%	2.5%	-0.7%
BlackRock UK Property Fund	7.2	7.1	0.8%	2.5%	-1.7%
Property	23.8	23.6	2.6%	5.0%	-2.4%
Henley Secure Income Property Fund II	46.3	55.6	6.1%	5.0%	1.1%
Social Impact	46.3	55.6	6.1%	5.0%	1.1%
MIRA Infrastructure Global Solutions II L.P Fund	20.7	21.1	2.3%	2.0%	0.3%
Quinbrook Low Carbon Power LP Fund	9.6	9.7	1.1%	1.5%	-0.4%
Quinbrook Net Zero Power Fund	17.1	20.2	2.2%	3.0%	-0.8%
JP Morgan Infrastructure Fund	63.7	63.9	7.1%	5.0%	2.1%
Infrastructure	111.1	114.9	12.7%	11.5%	1.2%
Permira Credit Solutions IV Fund	26.3	26.1	2.9%	2.5%	0.4%
Permira Credit Solutions V Fund	6.8	8.3	0.9%	2.0%	-1.1%
Churchill Middle Market Senior Loan II Fund	18.0	18.5	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%
Private Credit	51.2	52.9	5.8%	6.5%	-0.7%
Allspring RMF Fund	60.9	69.8	7.7%	10.0%	-2.3%
Allspring Climate Transition Buy and Maintain Fund	95.6	102.2	11.3%	10.0%	1.3%
Risk Management Framework	156.5	172.0	19.0%	20.0%	-1.0%
LCIV CQS / PIMCO MAC Fund	75.4	79.9	8.8%	9.0%	-0.2%
Multi Asset Credit	75.4	79.9	8.8%	9.0%	-0.2%
Cash	22.6	28.9	3.2%	0.0%	3.2%
Total Fund	846.2	906.8	100.0%	100.0%	

At the time of writing, latest quarterly information in respect of mandates held with MIRA, Quinbrook, Permira and Churchill are unavailable. We have lagged reporting by 3 months, therefore the valuations shown are as at Q3 2023 respectively. The FX rate used is lagged and at each of these dates also.

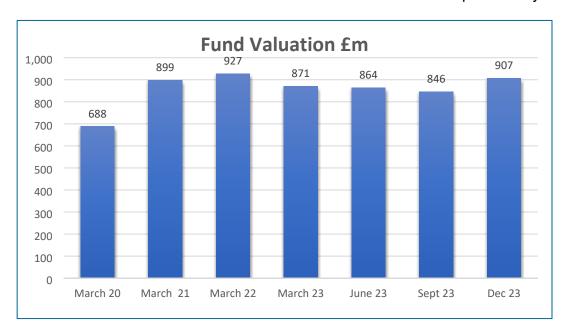
2.2 The Fund's total market value increased by £60.6m over the quarter, from £864.2 to £906.8m.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Mandate	Last 3 Months (%)			Last 12 Months (%)			Last 3 Years (% p.a.)			Since Inception (% p.a.)		
Walldate	Fund	B'mark	Relative	Fund	B'mark	Relative	Fund	B'mark	Relative	Fund	B'mark	Relativ
LCIV RBC Sustainable Equity Fund	5.5	6.7	-1.1	4.5	17.4	-10.9	1.7	10.9	-8.3	7.9	9.4	-1.3
LCIV Baillie Gifford Global Alpha Growth Paris Aligned Fund	8.1	6.3	1.7	11.6	17.0	-4.6	-	-		2.3	8.6	-5.8
BlackRock ACS World Low Carbon Equity Tracker	7.7	7.5	0.1	17.3	16.8	0.4	9.5	9.1	0.4	12.6	12.3	0.3
BlackRock ACS World Multifactor ESG Equity Tracker Fund	6.4	6.1	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.8	7.5	0.3
Global Equities												
UBS GEM HALO	0.7	3.3	-2.5	-1.1	3.6	-4.5	-8.4	-2.9	-5.7	2.1	3.5	-1.3
LCIV JP Morgan Emerging Market Equity Fund	2.1	3.3	-1.2	0.4	4.3	-3.7	-4.7	-1.6	-3.1	2.3	2.2	0.1
Emerging Market Equities												
LCIV Ruffer Absolute Return Fund	2.2	2.1	0.1	-6.3	7.8	-13.1	-	-	-	2.6	5.1	-2.4
Diversified Growth												
UBS Triton Property Fund	-1.2	-1.2	-0.1	0.2	-1.4	1.6	2.7	2.1	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.2
BlackRock UK Property Fund	-2.1	-1.2	-0.9	-3.1	-1.4	-1.7	0.4	2.1	-1.6	0.7	1.1	-0.5
Property												
Henley Secure Income Property Fund II	-0.4	1.5	-1.9	-5.6	6.1	-11.1	-	-	-	-2.5	5.9	-8.0
Social Impact												
MIRA Infrastructure Global Solutions II L.P Fund	1.1	1.8	-0.7	9.9	7.4	2.3	7.6	7.4	0.2	5.5	6.0	-0.5
Quinbrook Low Carbon Power LP Fund	-2.3	1.8	-4.0	-4.3	7.4	-10.9	10.6	7.4	3.0	4.4	6.8	-2.3
Quinbrook Net Zero Power Fund	-0.4	1.5	-1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	6.0	-4.8
JP Morgan Infrastructure Fund		2.5	0.9	11.2	10.4	0.8	10.6	10.4	0.2	8.4	9.8	-1.2
Infrastructure												
Permira Credit Solutions IV Fund	2.3	1.7	0.5	9.0	7.0	1.9	6.3	7.0	-0.7	5.1	5.7	-0.5
Permira Credit Solutions V Fund	2.5	1.7	0.8	8.6	7.0	1.5	-	-		6.4	5.2	1.1
Churchill Middle Market Senior Loan II Fund	2.9	1.7	1.2	10.7	7.0	3.5	6.9	7.0	-0.0	5.1	6.2	-1.0
Private Credit												
Allspring RMF Fund	13.8	13.8	0.0	17.2	17.2	0.0	-11.4	-11.4	0.0	-3.1	-3.1	0.0
Allspring Climate Transition Buy and Maintain Fund	8.5	8.5	-0.0	-	-		-	-		9.2	9.2	-0.0
Risk Management Framework												
LCIV CQS / PIMCO MAC Fund	5.8	2.4	3.3	11.3	9.4	1.7	2.9	6.6	-3.5	2.9	5.4	-2.4
Multi Asset Credit												
Cash		-			-		-	-		-	-	-
Total Fund	5.0	5.1	-0.1	7.7	11.4	-3.4	1.8	5.4	-3.4	6.0	5.9	0.1

- 2.3 Over the 3 months to 31 December 2023, total Fund assets returned 5.0% compared to the benchmark of 5.1%. This equates to an underperformance of -0.1%.
- 2.4 Over the last 12 months, the Fund performance was 7.7% (benchmark 11.4%) and 3 year annualised performance was 1.8% (benchmark 5.4%). These again underperformed the benchmark.
- 2.5 The Fund remains 0.1% above its benchmark since inception.
- 2.6 The annual Actuarial performance target is 4.2%.
- 2.7 From an asset class perspective:
 - Global Equities contributed positively to overall returns. Sustainable Equity was the outlier – underperforming during the quarter.
 - Both EM Equity mandates were positive absolute contributors, however underperformed relative to their benchmarks.
 - Property and Social Impact detracted from overall Fund performance.
 - All Debt and Bond manadates recorded positive returns.

The chart below shows the Funds's net asset movement for the past 4 \(^3\)/4 years.



3.0 Market Background/Outlook

- 3.1 Signs that cooling inflation would allow central banks to begin lowering interest rates in 2024 without deterioration in economic growth fuelled another month of strong gains in financial markets during December.
- 3.2 The US economy remained resilient as inflation continued to cool in November.
- 3.3 Price pressures in the UK eased by much more than expected in November, with core CPI dipping to 5.1 percent year-on-year versus 5.6 percent expected and 5.7 percent in the prior print. Consumer spending also surprised positively, with retail sales excluding auto fuel rising 1.3 percent month-on-month in November, and October's small decline revised to a modest increase.
- 3.4 The European Central Bank deposit rate was unchanged at 4 percent in December but indicated that interest rate cuts were not discussed at this meeting (in contrast to the Federal Reserve). Officials acknowledged the progress in getting inflation lower but noted that the near-term inflation outlook and wage growth remain as concerns.
- 3.5 More market background information and LGPS updates can be found in the Hymans Quarterly performance report Appendix 1

4. OTHER ISSUES AFFECTING THE FUND

- 4.1 None
- 5. FINANCIAL, RESOURCE AND PROPERTY IMPLICATIONS
- 5.1 All relevant implications are included in the report.
- 6. LEGAL AND STATUTORY IMPLICATIONS
- 6.1 All relevant implications are included in the report.
- 7. HUMAN RIGHTS, EQUALITIES AND COMMUNITY COHESION IMPLICATIONS
- 7.1 N/A

8. RISK MANAGEMENT AND HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

8.1 Risk management is an integral part of designing the investment portfolio of the fund.

9. BACKGROUND PAPERS

9.1 Hymans Robertson LLP – Quarterly Performance Report.



London Borough of Merton Pension Fund

Q4 2023 Investment Monitoring Report

Nick Jellema – Senior Investment Consultant

Hymans Robertson LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales with registered number OC310282. A list of members of Hymans Robertson LLP is available for inspection at One London Wall, London EC2Y 5EA, the firm's registered office. Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and licensed by the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries for a range of investment business activities. Hymans Robertson is a registered trademark of Hymans Robertson LLP.



During Q4 2023, the Fund's assets returned 5% slightly underperforming the benchmark by 0.1%. Over longer time periods of 12 months and 3 years, the Fund has underperformed, with relative returns of -3.4% and -3.4% p.a. respectively.

Compared to the actuarial target, the Fund has remained ahead of its actuarial target over 3 and 12 month periods, however lagged by 2.5% p.a. over 3 years.

The Funds assets increased from £846m to £907m, a gain of £61m.

Over Q4 global growth expectations eased to its slowest pace since the Global Financial Crisis. Despite this, US markets pushed higher in Q4 off the back of strong economic backdrop – aiding the Fund's US equity exposure.

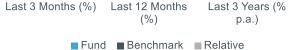
Positive momentum and expected easing of monetary policy saw bond yields fall materially during the quarter. From an asset class perspective:

- Equities and bonds were the main contributors to positive returns
- Private debt and multi-asset credit fared well
- Real assets (Social Impact, Infra. And Property) mostly struggled due to asset class specific concerns.

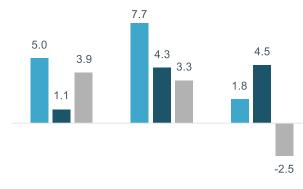


Fund performance vs benchmark/target



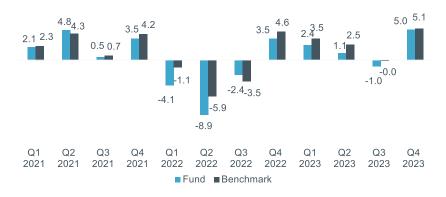


Fund performance vs actuarial target





Relative quarterly performance vs benchmark/target



Following the 2022 strategy review the agreed long-term target allocation for the Fund is as follows:

Global equities: 28.0%

Emerging market equities: 5.0%

Diversified growth fund: 5.0%

Property: 5.0%

Private credit: 6.5% Infrastructure: 11.5% Social Impact: 5.0%

Multi-asset credit: 9.0%

Risk management framework: 25.0%

A 5% reduction to Emerging Market equities and 5% increase to RMF remains to be actioned.

The majority of asset classes remained close to their target weightings The outliers were EM equities and property, both modestly underweight to their targets by c2%.

The Fund has issued an instruction to redeem units in the BlackRock UK Property Fund. Proceeds will be used to increase the UBS Triton allocation.

The Committee are currently considering allocating to a diversifying property strategy which will increase the allocation closer to the 5% target.

An additional top-up of the Allspring CT BnM fund is also being considering, funded by reducing the allocation to RMF.

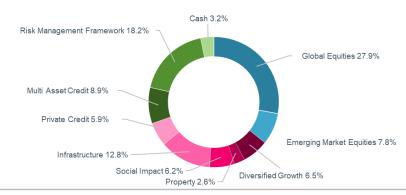
The cash holding includes a proportion of assets held in a moneymarket fund, earmarked for deployment in the illiquid mandates once called by the investment managers.

Asset Allocation

	Valuati	on (£m)	- Actual			
Mandate	30-Sep-23	31-Dec-23	Proportion	Benchmark	Relative	
LCIV RBC Sustainable Equity Fund	61.0	64.3	7.1%	7.0%	0.1%	
LCIV Baillie Gifford Global Alpha Growth Paris Aligned Fund	57.6	62.2	6.9%	7.0%	-0.1%	
BlackRock ACS World Low Carbon Equity Tracker	65.2	70.2	7.7%	7.0%	0.7%	
BlackRock ACS World Multifactor ESG Equity Tracker Fund	50.4	53.6	5.9%	7.0%	-1.1%	
Global Equities	234.1	250.4	27.6%	28.0%	-0.4%	
UBS GEM HALO	34.6	36.0	4.0%	5.0%	-1.0%	
LCIV JP Morgan Emerging Market Equity Fund	33.5	34.2	3.8%	5.0%	-1.2%	
Emerging Market Equities	68.1	70.2	7.7%	10.0%	-2.3%	
LCIV Ruffer Absolute Return Fund	57.2	58.4	6.4%	5.0%	1.4%	
Diversified Growth	57.2	58.4	6.4%	5.0%	1.4%	
UBS Triton Property Fund	16.6	16.5	1.8%	2.5%	-0.7%	
BlackRock UK Property Fund	7.2	7.1	0.8%	2.5%	-1.7%	
Property	23.8	23.6	2.6%	5.0%	-2.4%	
Henley Secure Income Property Fund II	46.3	55.6	6.1%	5.0%	1.1%	
Social Impact	46.3	55.6	6.1%	5.0%	1.1%	
MIRA Infrastructure Global Solutions II L.P Fund	20.7	21.1	2.3%	2.0%	0.3%	
Quinbrook Low Carbon Power LP Fund	9.6	9.7	1.1%	1.5%	-0.4%	
Quinbrook Net Zero Power Fund	17.1	20.2	2.2%	3.0%	-0.8%	
JP Morgan Infrastructure Fund	63.7	63.9	7.1%	5.0%	2.1%	
Infrastructure	111.1	114.9	12.7%	11.5%	1.2%	
Permira Credit Solutions IV Fund	26.3	26.1	2.9%	2.5%	0.4%	
Permira Credit Solutions V Fund	6.8	8.3	0.9%	2.0%	-1.1%	
Churchill Middle Market Senior Loan II Fund	18.0	18.5	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%	
Private Credit	51.2	52.9	5.8%	6.5%	-0.7%	
Allspring RMF Fund	60.9	69.8	7.7%	10.0%	-2.3%	
Allspring Climate Transition Buy and Maintain Fund	95.6	102.2	11.3%	10.0%	1.3%	
Risk Management Framework	156.5	172.0	19.0%	20.0%	-1.0%	
LCIV CQS / PIMCO MAC Fund	75.4	79.9	8.8%	9.0%	-0.2%	
Multi Asset Credit	75.4	79.9	8.8%	9.0%	-0.2%	
Cash	22.6	28.9	3.2%	0.0%	3.2%	
Total Fund	846.2	906.8	100.0%	100.0%		

At the time of writing, latest quarterly information in respect of mandates held with MIRA, Quinbrook, Permira and Churchill are unavailable. We have lagged reporting by 3 months, therefore the valuations shown are as at Q3 2023 respectively. The FX rate used is lagged and at each of these dates also.

Asset class exposures





The Fund recorded an absolute return of 5.0% during Q4 2023, underperforming its aggregate benchmark by 0.1%.

Over longer time periods shown, the Fund has recorded positive absolute returns, but underperformed relative to its performance benchmark over 12 month and 3-year time periods. The Fund remains 0.1% above its benchmark since inception.

Global Equities contributed positively to overall Fund returns. Across the four funds, LCIV RBC Sustainable Equity was the outlier – underperforming during the quarter. Both EM Equity mandates were positive absolute contributors, however Underperformed relative to their benchmarks.

Emerging market equity posted positive returns over the quarter, however underperformed relative to their benchmarks.

Property and Social Impact 'real assets' detracted from overall Fund performance.

Broadly speaking, all debt & bond mandates (Private Credit, Risk Management Framework and Multi-Asset Credit) recorded positive returns as credit spreads narrowed materially during the quarter, driven by falls in inflation expectations and markets pricing in base rate cuts.

Dashboard Strategy / Risk Performance Managers Background Appendix

Manager performance

Mandate	Last 3 Months (%)			Last 12 Months (%)			Last 3 Years (% p.a.)			Since Inception (% p.a.)		
		B'mark	Relative	Fund	B'mark	Relative	Fund	B'mark	Relative	Fund	B'mark	Relative
LCIV RBC Sustainable Equity Fund	5.5	6.7	-1.1	4.5	17.4	-10.9	1.7	10.9	-8.3	7.9	9.4	-1.3
LCIV Baillie Gifford Global Alpha Growth Paris Aligned Fund	8.1	6.3	1.7	11.6	17.0	-4.6	-	-	-	2.3	8.6	-5.8
BlackRock ACS World Low Carbon Equity Tracker	7.7	7.5	0.1	17.3	16.8	0.4	9.5	9.1	0.4	12.6	12.3	0.3
BlackRock ACS World Multifactor ESG Equity Tracker Fund	6.4	6.1	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.8	7.5	0.3
Global Equities												
UBS GEM HALO	0.7	3.3	-2.5	-1.1	3.6	-4.5	-8.4	-2.9	-5.7	2.1	3.5	-1.3
LCIV JP Morgan Emerging Market Equity Fund	2.1	3.3	-1.2	0.4	4.3	-3.7	-4.7	-1.6	-3.1	2.3	2.2	0.1
Emerging Market Equities												
LCIV Ruffer Absolute Return Fund	2.2	2.1	0.1	-6.3	7.8	-13.1	-	-	-	2.6	5.1	-2.4
Diversified Growth												
UBS Triton Property Fund	-1.2	-1.2	-0.1	0.2	-1.4	1.6	2.7	2.1	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.2
BlackRock UK Property Fund	-2.1	-1.2	-0.9	-3.1	-1.4	-1.7	0.4	2.1	-1.6	0.7	1.1	-0.5
Property												
Henley Secure Income Property Fund II	-0.4	1.5	-1.9	-5.6	6.1	-11.1	-	-	-	-2.5	5.9	-8.0
Social Impact												
MIRA Infrastructure Global Solutions II L.P Fund	1.1	1.8	-0.7	9.9	7.4	2.3	7.6	7.4	0.2	5.5	6.0	-0.5
Quinbrook Low Carbon Power LP Fund	-2.3	1.8	-4.0	-4.3	7.4	-10.9	10.6	7.4	3.0	4.4	6.8	-2.3
Quinbrook Net Zero Power Fund	-0.4	1.5	-1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	6.0	-4.8
JP Morgan Infrastructure Fund	3.4	2.5	0.9	11.2	10.4	0.8	10.6	10.4	0.2	8.4	9.8	-1.2
Infrastructure												
Permira Credit Solutions IV Fund	2.3	1.7	0.5	9.0	7.0	1.9	6.3	7.0	-0.7	5.1	5.7	-0.5
Permira Credit Solutions V Fund	2.5	1.7	0.8	8.6	7.0	1.5	-	-	-	6.4	5.2	1.1
Churchill Middle Market Senior Loan II Fund	2.9	1.7	1.2	10.7	7.0	3.5	6.9	7.0	-0.0	5.1	6.2	-1.0
Private Credit												
Allspring RMF Fund	13.8	13.8	0.0	17.2	17.2	0.0	-11.4	-11.4	0.0	-3.1	-3.1	0.0
Allspring Climate Transition Buy and Maintain Fund	8.5	8.5	-0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.2	9.2	-0.0
Risk Management Framework												
LCIV CQS / PIMCO MAC Fund	5.8	2.4	3.3	11.3	9.4	1.7	2.9	6.6	-3.5	2.9	5.4	-2.4
Multi Asset Credit												
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Fund	5.0	5.1	-0.1	7.7	11.4	-3.4	1.8	5.4	-3.4	6.0	5.9	0.1

Note: Performance figures for MIRA, Quinbrook LCP & NZPF, Permira IV & V and Churchill are lagged by 3-months due to lack of manager information at the time of writing (see comment on left). As such, the performance shown is reflective of Q3 2023.



Market Background

US GDP forecasts for 2023 and 2024 were again revised higher in Q4, given unexpectedly strong growth driven by consumer spending. Despite this, global growth is expected to ease to its slowest pace since the Global Financial Crisis (excluding 2020). However, it isn't expected to collapse.

Year-on-year CPI inflation in the major advanced economies fell more than expected over Q4, easing to 3.9%, 3.1%, and 2.4% in the UK, US, and eurozone in November, respectively. The main drivers were a decline in energy prices and a moderation in food prices. However, core inflation, which excludes both, also fell more than expected. The respective core measures are 5.1%, 4.0%, and 3.6% in the UK, Wand and eurozone.

As expected, the major central banks left interes rates unchanged in Q4. Larger-then-expected falls in inflation prompted markets to price in earlier and larger rate cuts in 2024, reinforced by the Federal Reserve's mid-December revised policy projections. Despite the ECB and Bank of England reiterating a more cautious approach, markets expect a similar scale and timing of rate cuts in Europe and the UK.

Rate cut expectations and lower real yields contributed to a 3.1% fall in the trade-weighted US dollar. Equivalent sterling and euro measures rose 1.3% and 1.0%, respectively, while the equivalent yen measure strengthened 2.6% as expected interest-rate differentials with major economies narrowed.



Source: DataStream. [1] Returns shown in Sterling terms. Indices shown (from left to right) are: FTSE All World, FTSE All Share, FTSE AW Developed Europe ex-UK, FTSE North America, FTSE Japan, FTSE AW Developed Asia Pacific ex-Japan, FTSE Emerging, FTSE Fixed Gilts All Stocks, FTSE Index-Linked Gilts All Maturities, iBoxx Corporates All Investment Grade All Maturities, ICE BofA Global Government Index, MSCI UK Monthly Property; UK Interbank 7 Day



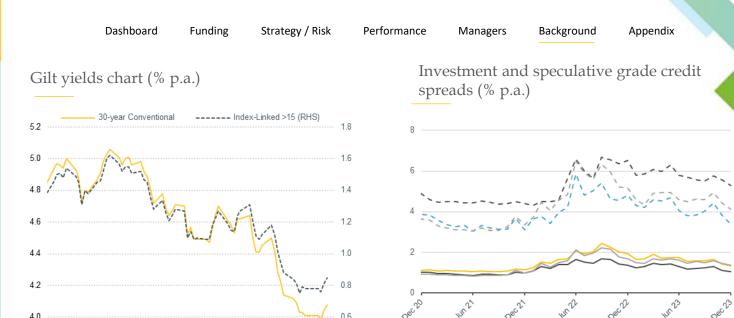
Amid expectations of larger – and sooner – rate cuts in 2024, bond prices rose and yields fell sharply. US 10-year treasury yields declined 0.7% pa over Q4 to 3.9% pa, while equivalent UK gilt yields fell 0.9% pa, to 3.5% pa. German bund yields fell 0.8% pa, to 2.0% pa. Japanese government bond yields fell less, by 0.2% pa to 0.6% pa, given potential divergence in monetary policy between Japan and the other major

Global investment-grade credit spreads declined 0.2% pa to 1.2% pa over Q4, while global speculative credit spreads declined by 0.6% pa to 3.8% pa. Despite a larger decline in speculative-grade credit spreads, the longer-duration investment grade market outperformed.

advanced economies.

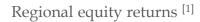
The FTSE All World Total Return Index returned 93% over Q4 in local-currency terms, as markets anticipated the positive impact on economic activity of rate cuts. Meanwhile, lower yields lent support to valuations. North American equity markets outperformed, given their exposure to the technology sector. All other regions underperformed, while still producing positive returns. Japan and the UK notably underperformed, given yen and sterling strength, which weighed on the high proportion of overseas earnings in both markets. UK stocks were also impacted by aboveaverage exposure to the energy sector.

The MSCI UK Monthly Property Index fell 1.2% as income was offset by capital value declines. Values fell most sharply in the office and retail sectors, which are down 16.6% and 5.6%, respectively, over 12 months. Industrial values also declined 0.7% in Q4 following seven months of capital growth, resulting in flat growth over 12 months.



0.4

31 Dec



31 Oct

30 Nov

3.8

30 Sep



Global equity sector returns (%) [2]

IG - US

- US Loans

IG - Sterling

US High Yield



Source: DataStream, Barings, ICE [1] FTSE All World Indices. Commentary compares regional equity returns in local currency. [2] Returns shown in Sterling terms and relative to FTSE All World.



IG - Euro

- Euro High Yield

Risk warning

Please note the value of investments, and income from them, may fall as well as rise. This includes equities, government or corporate bonds, and property, whether held directly or in a pooled or collective investment vehicle. Further, investment in developing or emerging markets may be more volatile and less marketable than in mature markets. Exchange rates may also affect the value of an investment. As a result, an investor may not get back the amount originally invested. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance.

Hymans Robertson LLP and our group companies have a wide range of clients some of which are fund managers, who may be parties in our recommendations to you in various circumstances including but not limited to manager selection, moving money to or from a manager or supporting retention of or disinvestment from a manager. We have a research team that advises on shortlisting fund managers in manager selection exercises and forming views on managers, which is separate from our client and other relationships with fund managers and therefore we do not believe there will be a conflict that would influence the advice given.

Hymans Robertson LLP has relied upon third party sources and all copyright and other rights are reserved by such third party sources as follows: DataStream data: © DataStream; Fund Manager data: Fund Manager; Morgan Stanley Capital International data: © and database right Morgan Stanley Capital International and its licensors 2023. All rights reserved. MSCI has no liability to any person for any losses, damages, costs or expenses suffered as a result of any use or reliance on any of the information which may be attributed to it; Hymans Robertson data: © Hymans Robertson. Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of such estimates or data - including third party data - we cannot accept responsibility for any loss arising from their use. © Hymans Robertson LLP 2024.

Geometric v arithmetic performance

Hymans Robertson are among the investment professionals who calculate relative performance geometrically as follows:

```
\frac{(1 + Fund\ Performance)}{(1 + Benchmark\ Performance)} \, - \, 1
```

Some industry practitioners use the simpler arithmetic method as follows:

Fund Performance - Benchmark Performance

The geometric return is a better measure of investment performance when compared to the arithmetic return, to account for potential volatility of returns.

The difference between the arithmetic mean return and the geometric mean return increases as the volatility increases.

This page is intentionally left blank

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

